

IN BETTER SPIRITS

Cubans at Havana Recover from the First Chill of Evacuation.

ALL PARTS OF THE CITY ARE TRANQUIL

General Brooke Favorably Impressed with the Character of the Cubans.

PLACES IN CIVIL LIST TO GO TO NATIVES

Troops to Be Gradually Withdrawn from City as Quiet is Restored.

GENERAL LUDLOW VISITS FORTRESSES

Second Artillery to Garrison These Posts—Body of Spanish Soldier Who Died from Exhaustion Found on the Wharf.

HAVANA, Jan. 2.—The people of Havana are in a joyful mood today in spite of the disappointment experienced over the fact that the projected festivities have been postponed. The excitement quickly subsided and gave place to composure.

Major General Brooke's impressions of Cuba are pleasing. He regards the people as being emotional, mild and orderly. Americans are now conducting telegraphs, customs, postoffice, in fact all public business with Spanish and Cuban employes.

General Brooke will not govern from the palace for a week or two as the palace needs a thorough cleaning. After the general takes up his quarters at the palace Mrs. Brooke will arrange for a series of social functions.

As quiet is restored the American troops will be sent into the country. Colonel Moulton, who is in command of the Havana police, had as his first duty the investigation of a case of cattle stealing.

General Ludlow visited Morro castle and Cabanas fortress today. The batteries of the second artillery have been landed from the United States transport Chester.

Two Spaniards were stopped in the act of taking the picture of the king and the crown from the throne room of the palace for the Spanish club.

Commercial bodies disturbed. Santiago objects to transmitting all customs receipts to Havana.

SANTIAGO, Jan. 2.—An order has been received from Havana, which, if enforced will mean the loss of the Spanish customs receipts.

The Herald says that to carry out this order would rob 10,000 Cubans of employment, most of whom would probably take to the hills and become bandits.

Military Governor Wood, on being asked to express an opinion in regard to the order, declined to be interviewed.

Popular excitement over the order is growing among all classes. The Chamber of Commerce, the Sons of Veterans, the supreme court and the San Carlos club have called meetings to take action and each organization will cable to Washington an earnest protest.

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TRAGIC CHAPTER REVEALED

Mrs. Marx-Aveling, Wife in Name of Great Socialist Leader, Discovered to Have Poisoned Herself.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Some remarkable facts have developed regarding the suicide of Mrs. Marx-Aveling last March.

It appears that she learned that Dr. Aveling, the English socialist leader, with whom she had lived for a number of years, had secretly married a young woman.

He admitted that this was true and intimated that he was tired of her, whereupon Mrs. Aveling said the best thing she could do was to commit suicide.

Dr. Aveling, it further appeared, allowed her to send a drug store poison and went out walking while she drank it. The public prosecutor would have taken action in the matter but for Dr. Aveling's sudden death on August 4, last.

Mrs. Eleanor Marx-Aveling was the daughter of the late celebrated German socialist leader, Karl Marx. She committed suicide, according to the London dispatch, in March last, though the news was not made public until April 2.

She was about 25 years of age and was the youngest of six children. When quite a young girl she studied Shakespeare, and when she grew up she helped her father in his literary labors.

After her father's death she was understood to have married Dr. Aveling and came with him and with Herr Liebknecht, the German socialist leader, to this country in 1888.

They addressed a meeting of socialists, anarchists and communists in New York and made a lecturing tour through the country. The late Mrs. Marx-Aveling was a good linguist and acted as interpreter at the labor congresses in Paris, Brussels, Zurich and London.

She committed suicide by taking prussic acid. The coroner decided that he died from over-exertion and that his comrades had left him alone covered with snow.

The United States transport Saratoga arrived from Charleston today with the Third Nebraska regiment on board.

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ROOSEVELT TAKES HIS SEAT

Chief of Rough Riders Becomes the Chief Executive of New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Theodore Roosevelt was inaugurated governor today.

In spite of the extremely cold weather the ceremony was witnessed by a great crowd of people gathered in the assembly hall of the capitol.

Proceeding in the inauguration there was a parade of civic and military bodies.

Bishop Doane of the Protestant Episcopal church of Albany led in prayer and Secretary of State McDonald administered the oath of office to the governor-elect, after which Governor F. S. Black welcomed his successor.

At the public reception in the executive chamber in the afternoon fully 6,000 people gathered Governor Roosevelt's hand and 2,000 more were unable to gain admittance.

The reception an elegant bronze bust was presented to Governor Roosevelt by the members of the House of Representatives.

Chicago, a large delegation of which was present at the inauguration ceremonies. The presentation was made by the president of the club in the presence of the delegation.

After luncheon there was a reception at the executive mansion. Ex-Governor Black's address was very brief and closed as follows:

"As to all those citizens who place integrity above personal advantage will arise from this occasion a strong encouragement to a most sanguine hope. Although the state is now in the fall of the year, and many full grown evils have been killed and many others wounded, yet there is much left to be done and the people welcome to this high official post one whose career has demonstrated his integrity, his courage and his skill."

"They have vested you with ample power and they will expect great results, but if the qualities that have thus far moved and supported you hereafter keep you company you will have nothing to fear and the people nothing to regret."

Responsibility of the Governor. Replying, Governor Roosevelt said in part: "A very heavy responsibility rests upon the governor of New York state, a state of 7,000,000 inhabitants, of great wealth, of widely varied interests, with a population singularly diversified, more in occupation, but in race origin, in habits of life and otherwise. It is not any easy task to frame our laws that justice may be done to all alike in such a population, so many of whom have interests that seem entirely antagonistic to each other."

Mr. Bliss offered two resolutions designed to expedite the work of the legislature. They were adopted unanimously. The resolutions are to the effect that the political session of the legislature should be held in the executive building and that the vote on the speaker should be taken in the executive building.

Democratic members of the house held a caucus this evening and William L. Cressy of Columbia was the unanimous choice of the caucus for speaker. The democratic caucus was held in the executive building.

Inaugural Ceremonies Conclude with an Elaborate Reception. LANSING, Mich., Jan. 2.—Governor Pinckney and the state officers-elect took the oath of office at noon today in the executive building.

The inaugural reception of Governor Pinckney, the new state officers and justices of the supreme court, was held at the capitol building.

Despite counter attractions at the hotels his party best who helps to make it instantly responsive to every need of the people and to the highest demands of that spirit which tends to drive us onward and upward.

"It shall be my purpose, so far as I am given strength, to administer my office with an eye single to the welfare of all the people of this great commonwealth."

ON A SOCIALIST PLATFORM. Haverhill, Mass., Tries New Departure in Popular Government. HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 2.—John C. Chase, elected on a socialist platform, took the oath of office as mayor of Haverhill today.

In his inaugural speech Mr. Chase assured the members of the city government and the people that "every atom of power" possessed by the mayor would be exercised in the defense and support of the principles of socialism in so far as they may be applicable to a municipality.

The mayor then took up the subject of the unemployed which, he said, had developed by reason of the displacement of labor by machinery and the concentration of capital. It is a question which, he said, no municipality could solve, as it had become a national and international one.

"Yet," he said, "some little relief at least can be afforded by this city government. I therefore recommend:

"First—That you proceed to secure a tract of land suitable for the raising of food products and that such unemployed as may desire may be permitted to use this land, the city to furnish proper seeds and tools."

"Second—The enlargement of the fuel yard at the city farm to such proportion as will permit all who desire to earn by their labor such fuel as they may require."

WYOMING'S NEW OFFICERS

Inaugural Occurs at Cheyenne with Due Pomp and Ceremony.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The inauguration of Wyoming's new state officers today was attended by a large number of citizens from all parts of the state.

The first feature of the exercises was the inaugural parade, which was formed at 11:30 o'clock this morning at the hotel where the governor-elect was stopping, and proceeded to the capitol building.

At the capitol upward of 4,000 people were gathered to witness the inaugural ceremonies.

These were opened by prayer by Rev. J. H. Grant, which was followed by an address by the retiring governor, Hon. W. A. Richards. After Governor Richards finished, Chief Justice Potter administered the oath of office to the governor-elect, Hon. DeForest Richards, Treasurer G. E. Abbott, Secretary of State Pennington, Auditor General Grant, Superintendent of Public Instruction T. T. Tynan, Justice of the Supreme Court Jesse Knight, and Judge of the Third District Court David Craig.

The principal senate committees will be named Wednesday, and probably the house committees will be named at the same time. The probabilities on chairmanships are that Holdrege will be selected as chairman of the house committee on judiciary; Hays as chairman of the committee on agriculture; and Cook on engrossing and enrolling.

DEADLOCK PROBABLE IN INDIANA. Numerous Candidates Want to Succeed Senator Turpie. INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 2.—Two-thirds of the republican members of the Indiana legislature are here participating in the fight for the election of a United States senator to succeed David Turpie, democrat.

Senator Turpie has served continuously for twelve years and will, from indications, receive the unanimous complimentary vote of the majority. There are five active candidates for his place—Judge R. S. Taylor of Fort Wayne, J. Frank Hanly of Lafayette, Major George W. Steele of Marion, Frank B. Posey of Evansville and Albert J. Bovee of Indianapolis.

The fight is peculiarly interesting because of the number of candidates, who represent pretty well all sections of the state. The first senatorial caucus will be held January 10. There are likely to be several caucuses. Under an act passed by the legislature the time of the caucus is fixed at 10 o'clock a. m. on the first day of the session.

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CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska. Partly cloudy with northerly winds. Light snow in the morning; variable winds.

Yesterday's Temperature at Omaha:

Table with 2 columns: Hour, Temp. (High/Low)

Green of Hyde; watchman, Grass of Solbury.

When Governor Lee is sworn in tomorrow the first move will be made toward the initiation of a contest by serving upon him the papers in a quo warranto proceeding to test title to the office.

It has been reported that he will, upon a final settlement, demand of Treasurer Phillips an accounting of the interest fund alleged to have been received by Phillips as treasurer, but there is a good deal of question in any such action is taken, as the outcome of any such act would be problematic and failure would not help matters any for the present party.

The fight of the organization has been upon the position of secretary of the senate, the contestants being Doane Robinson of the Yankton Gazette and John Scriven of Mitchell.

The chances of these contestants have been varying ever since they opened to open up their campaign and yesterday it was considered that the chances of Robinson were the best, while today the star of Scriven is in the ascendency and the caucus has shown that he could muster the most of the republican vote.

The agreement on house officers was reached only after a struggle lasting well into the night, caused by the refusal of the Haller men to go into the caucus. Haller, supported by Nesbit of Burt, Chambers of Burt and Washington, McCarthy of Dixon and Hall of Brown, held a conference early in the day and agreed not to go into the caucus, but to carry the speakership contest on to the floor of the house.

They gave as a reason for this action a statement setting forth their case at length, in which they claimed that the caucus had been a republican defeat in the past was now behind the Clark men.

The caucus met as per program and sent messengers after the Haller crowd, but they declined to participate. The caucus then met and elected the following officers for speaker, W. D. Haller, chief clerk, A. R. Gilmore for assistant clerk. Overtures were made by the Haller men after considerable skirmishing in which they sent an offer to accept one of the following four men for speaker.

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CLARK FOR SPEAKER

Lancaster County Man Nominated by the Republican Caucus.

HIS ELECTION TO THE POSITION ASSURED

Grand Old Party Will Organize the Legislature Without Friction.

HALLER MEN STAY OUT OF THE CAUCUS

They Are Finally Pacified and a Satisfactory Compromise is Made.

TALBOT FOR PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

Upper House Has No Trouble Whatsoever Deciding on Nominees for the Various Offices Within Its Gift.

LINCOLN, Jan. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—Republican harmony will prevail when the legislature meets tomorrow and the party will organize both houses without friction.

Paul W. Clark of Lancaster will be elected speaker of the house and Senator A. R. Talbot of Lancaster president of the senate.

The agreement on house officers was reached only after a struggle lasting well into the night, caused by the refusal of the Haller men to go into the caucus. Haller, supported by Nesbit of Burt, Chambers of Burt and Washington, McCarthy of Dixon and Hall of Brown, held a conference early in the day and agreed not to go into the caucus, but to carry the speakership contest on to the floor of the house.

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WOMEN BURNED BY GAS EXPLOSION

Denver, Jan. 2.—Miss Nettie Ziegler, clerk to the State Board of Horticulture, was probably the only woman killed today by an explosion of gas at the capitol.

Mrs. Martha A. Shute, secretary of the board, was also severely burned.

The two women ran screaming from the building with their clothes and hair afire.

Mrs. Crawford, who was passing, extinguished the flames and in doing so saved several lives.

The explosion was caused by striking a match in a vault. The vault was not badly damaged.

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